



# In front of Everthing!

## FOUNDATION SPRAY IN THE FIRST PLACE!

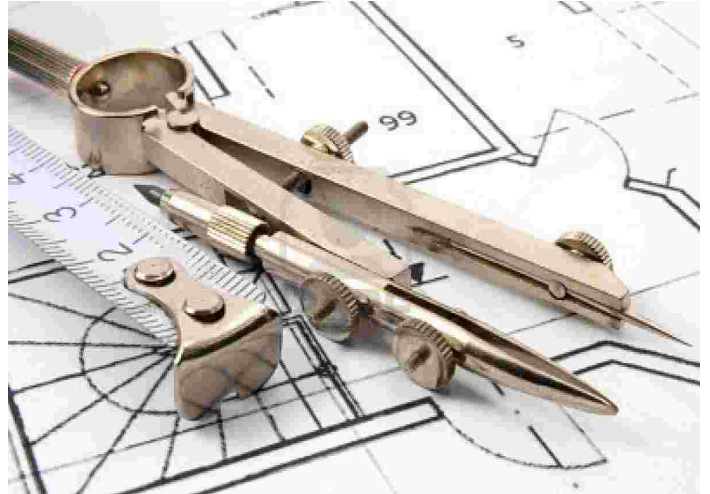
As shown in the following pictures, treatment is applied during construction, at certain times, depending on the type of structure. Properly treated structures are sometimes able to resist termites for a much longer period of time sated on warrantys, and termiticides applied during construction are generally applied to areas that are unavailable after construction is complete. This one fact would tend to make pre-treatments preferable to post treatments.

To prevent re-circulation of the termiticide in the air throughout the living areas, we do not apply emulsion to any area intended as a plenum air spaces.

We pre-treat just before the soil and points of entry are sealed off by concrete. Specifically, this means that the site must be pretreated at each of the following stages of construction:

1. After the land has been graded and just before the concrete slab is poured or before the moisture barrier is installed.
2. Before the foundation wall is capped – when grading, fills and foundations for attached concrete slabs are completed.
3. When the construction and outside grading are completed.

Treating at these times gives easy access to problem areas and creates an effective chemical barrier when these parts of the building are sealed with concrete.



Pre-construction treatment to control termites for a floating slab construction

A. Horizontal Barrier – Below footing (application made before footings are poured).  
Rate: 1 gallon per 10 square feet of area

B. Vertical Barrier – Inside foundation Wall ( application made after foundation wall is completed and soil has been backfilled – soil is treated from top of footingsurface).  
Rate: 4 gallons per 10 linear feet  
Per foot of depth to top of footing

C. Vertical Barrier – “Critical areas, Such as utility lines which will Penetrate slab (application made when utility lines and pipes are in place and adjoining soil will not be disturbed).  
Rate: 4 gallons per 10 linear feet  
To about a 1 foot depth.

D. Horizontal Barrier – sub-slab area (application made when soil inside Foundation walls has been leveled And will not be disturbed, and Before slab is poured).  
Rate: 1 gallon per 10 square feet of Area.

E. Block/Brick Voids (application made After foundation walls are finished and before they are capped. Application is optional if soil beneath footings was treated).  
Rate: 2 gallons per 10 linear feet.

F. Vertical Barrier – exterior foundation Wall ( application made after foundation Wall is completed and soil has been backfilled).  
Rate: 4 gallons per linear feet per foot of depth  
To top of footing.

Frank & Louis Tulloch

